

# **AUD300C1000 Advanced Ultraviolet Flame Detector User's Manual**



**Thank you for purchasing an Azbil Corporation product.**

**This manual contains information for ensuring the correct use of this product. It also provides necessary information for installation, maintenance, and troubleshooting.**

**This manual should be read by those who design and maintain equipment that uses this product. Be sure to keep this manual nearby for handy reference.**

Azbil Corporation

Please read "Terms and Conditions" from the following URL before ordering and use.

<http://www.azbil.com/products/factory/order.html>

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## **NOTICE**

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Be sure that the user receives this manual before the product is used.

Copying or duplicating this user's manual in part or in whole is forbidden. The information and specifications in this manual are subject to change without notice.

Considerable effort has been made to ensure that this manual is free from inaccuracies and omissions. If you should find an error or omission, please contact the azbil Group.

In no event is Azbil Corporation liable to anyone for any indirect, special or consequential damages as a result of using this product.

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## Conventions Used in This Manual

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- The safety precautions explained in the following section aim to prevent injury to the operator and others, and to prevent property damage.

 **WARNING** Warnings are indicated when mishandling this product might result in death or serious injury.

 **CAUTION** Cautions are indicated when mishandling this product might result in minor injury to the user, or only physical damage to the product.

- In describing the product, this manual uses the icons and conventions listed below.



Use caution when handling the product.



The indicated action is prohibited.



Always follow the indicated instructions.

### Handling Precautions

Handling Precautions indicate items that the user should pay attention to when handling the AUD300C1000.












This indicates the item or page that the user is requested to refer to.

(1), (2), (3): Numbers within parentheses indicate steps in a sequence or parts of an explanation.



>>: Indicates the result of an operation, details displayed on the personal computer or other devices, or the state of the device after operation.

## Safety Precautions

### **WARNING**

	Do not use this unit with a burner controller that is not made by Azbil Corporation.
	Make sure that this device does not detect ultraviolet rays other than those of the burner flame. If it responds to other ultraviolet radiation, flame failure in the burner will not be detected. As a result, the outflow of fuel will continue, causing a very serious explosion hazard.
	Before removing, mounting, or wiring this device, be sure to turn off the power to the device and all connected devices. Failure to do so may cause electric shock.
	Before doing any wiring work, be sure to disconnect the power to prevent electrical shock.
	To prevent explosion, carry out the pilot turndown test carefully. If this device detects a pilot flame that is too small to ignite the main burner, the burner controller will not be able to recognize flame failure of the main burner, allowing the outflow of fuel to continue, leading to a serious explosion hazard.
	If the pilot turndown test is carried out repeatedly, completely shut down all equipment each time the test is finished, and completely discharge unburned gas or fuel that has accumulated in the combustion chamber and flue. If unburned gas and oil are not discharged completely, an explosion may occur.
	Do not touch terminals F or G on this device or on the burner controller immediately after the power to the burner controller has been turned OFF. There is a danger of electric shock because terminals F and G retain a charge for up to 1 minute after the power has been turned off.
	When measuring the voltage between terminal F and terminal G of this device in order to check the wiring, do not touch any part of the terminals. Doing so may result in an electric shock.
	Do not use this device with the cover removed. Doing so may result in an electric shock. If the cover has been removed from this device, be sure to reattach it and tighten the four mounting screws completely before use.

### **CAUTION**

	This device is designed for both batch operation of the burner (at least one start and stop in a 24-hour period) and continuous operation (nonstop combustion for 24 h or longer). It must be used with a burner controller having a dynamic self-checking function.
	Mounting, wiring, inspection, adjustment, maintenance etc., should be carried out by a trained and experienced technician with knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and flame safeguard control devices.



## CAUTION



Do not install where the product will be exposed to any of the following:

- Certain chemicals or corrosive gases (ammonia, sulfur, chlorine, ethylene compounds, acid, etc.).
- Splashing water or excessive humidity
- High temperatures
- Prolonged vibration



If this device is operated in an atmosphere where there is steam, sooty smoke, oil mist, dust, and/or organic solvents that interfere with ultraviolet rays, take appropriate corrective measures.



When using multiple burners, mount this unit in a position where it can detect only the flame of the burner to be monitored.



Carry out the wiring work in conformity with the specified standards.



Be sure to route the signal wires of this device separately from high-voltage ignition transformer cables and power cables, and put them in a separate conduit.



After the wiring work is complete, be sure to check that there are no mistakes. Incorrect wiring can cause damage or malfunction.



Only an experienced technician with knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and combustion safety should carry out the pilot turn-down test.



Do not transport this device while it is mounted on the combustion equipment. Shock or vibration during transport may cause it to malfunction. Before transporting, dismount it and put it in its specially designed shipping box.




The service life of the tube unit and shutter unit components of this device is a maximum of 3 years. To ensure operational safety, be sure to replace these units with new ones within the service life period. For replacement, use the AUD Maintenance Kit (AUD60A1000), which includes the tube and shutter units.

# Unpacking

Check the following items when unpacking:

1. Check the model number to make sure you received the correct product.
2. Check for any obvious damage.
3. Check the contents of the package against the packing list to make sure that all items are included.

Items included in the AUD300C1000 are shown below. Handle the AUD300C1000 and its accessories with care to prevent damage or loss of parts. If there is any problem with your order, please contact your dealer immediately.

Name	Model No.	Q'ty	Remarks
Main unit	AUD300C1000	1	 ■ Model selection table (page 1)
User's Manual	CP-UM-5274E	1	This manual
Expiration date label	81409735-001	1	Use for maintenance purposes.

# The Role of This Manual

The related manuals are shown below. Read them as necessary for your specific requirements.

AUR300C Advanced Ultraviolet Burner Controller	Manual No. CP-SP-1142E
AUR450C Dynamic Self-Checking Burner Controller User's Manual	Manual No. CP-SP-1264E
Comprehensive User's Manual for the RX Series Combustion Safety Controller (RX-L Burner Interlock Module and RX-R Burner Control Module)	Manual No. CP-SP-1321E
RX Series Combustion Safety Controller RX-R40/20 Series Burner Control Module User's Manual Installation	Manual No. CP-UM-5630JE
FSP300C Flame Simulator	Manual No. CP-SP-1209E
FSP136A Analog Flame Meter	Manual No. CP-SP-1212E
AUD60A1000/1010 AUD Maintenance Kit	Manual No. CP-UM-5440JE
AUR350C Advanced Ultraviolet Burner Controller with Communications	Manual No. CP-SP-1175E

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# Chapter 1. OVERVIEW

## ■ Overview

The AUD300C1000 Advanced Ultraviolet Flame Detector (hereafter this/the device) is designed to detect ultraviolet radiation from an oil or gas burner flame, for use with both batch and continuous operation burners. The AUD300C1000 is used in combination with a dedicated burner controller. By means of the built-in shutter, any malfunction of the UV flame detector or burner controller is detected by the start check and continuous self-checking function (Dynamic Self-Check), ensuring highly reliable combustion safety control.

## ■ Features

- Maintenance parts such as the tube unit and shutter unit can be handled as a single unit. This ensures easy replacement and maintenance work.
- As for a flame sensor for the self-check, this unit is compact and lightweight. This ensures free burner mounting.
- The operating ambient temperature is 100 °C (up to 120 °C during flame detection) and the protection structure is IP66. This ensures excellent environment proof performance.
- Because it can be mounted vertically and has a maximum wire length of 200 m, flexible installation is possible.

## ■ Names of parts

### ● Main unit



## ■ Model selection table

Model No.	Lens type	Description
AUD300C1000	Standard	None
AUD300C100D		Inspection report
AUD300C100T		Tropicalization treatment
AUD300C100Y		Traceability certificate
AUD300C100DT		Inspection report + tropicalization treatment
AUD300C100YT		Traceability certificate + tropicalization treatment
AUD300C1100	Condenser	None
AUD300C110D		Inspection report
AUD300C110T		Tropicalization treatment
AUD300C110Y		Traceability certificate
AUD300C110DT		Inspection report + tropicalization treatment
AUD300C110YT		Traceability certificate + tropicalization treatment

● Certification

- UL: File No. MH27717
- CSA: Master Report LR 078402, ANSI Z21.20, Automatic Ignition Systems
- CE\*: Gas Appliance Directive
  - 0063BS1427 (with AUR450C series and Q241A104)
  - 0063CN6671 (with RX-R4 Cseries)
- RoHS Directive
- FM: File No. 0003059531
- \* CE marking appears to comply with RoHS

● Combined burner controller

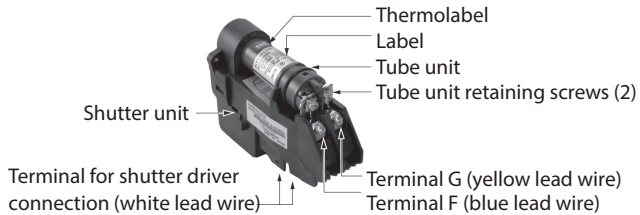
Model	Name
RX-R40, RX-R44, RX-R46	Burner Control Module
AUR300C, AUR350C	Advanced Ultraviolet Burner Controller
AUR450C	Dynamic Self-Checking Burner Controller

● Maintenance/optional parts

Model	Name
AUD60A1000	AUD Maintenance Kit *1
81446924-001	Flange unit (Standard type)
81446924-101	Flange unit (Condenser type)
81447495-001	Nut packing
81447509-001	Bushing 1×3/4
FSP136A100	Analog flame meter

\*1 AUD60A1000 Maintenance Kit

The AUD Maintenance Kit incorporates the tube and shutter units (tube unit: AUD10, shutter unit: AUD50), including expendables like the expiration date label\*2 and the O-ring used for sealing between the flange and cover of the AUD.



\*2 Expiration date label

Position of the expiration date label



## Chapter 2. MOUNTING

### **WARNING**



Before mounting or removing, be sure to turn off the power to this device and all connected devices. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.



If this device is installed near a source of ultraviolet rays other than the burner flame or in an atmosphere that interferes with UV rays, as described below, take sufficient countermeasures.

- Near sources of ultraviolet rays, such as red-hot furnace walls (1371 °C or more)
- Near sources of gamma rays or x-rays, such as diffraction analyzers, electron microscopes, x-ray machines, high-voltage vacuum switches, high-voltage capacitors, radioactive isotopes, etc.
- In atmospheres that interfere with ultraviolet rays, due to steam, sooty smoke, oil mist, dust, etc.



Install the flame detector at an angle that does not allow the ignition spark to be detected.



Make sure that this device does not detect ultraviolet rays other than those of the burner flame. If it responds to other ultraviolet radiation, flame failure in the burner will not be detected.

As a result, the outflow of fuel will continue, causing a very serious explosion hazard.

### **CAUTION**



Install this device in accordance with the relevant laws and standards.



When discarding this product, dispose of it as industrial waste, following local regulations.



Installation, wiring, inspection, adjustment, etc., should be carried out by a trained and experienced technician with knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and flame safeguard control devices.



If this device is operated in an atmosphere where there is steam, sooty smoke, oil mist, dust, and/or organic solvents that interfere with ultraviolet rays, take appropriate corrective measures.



When using multiple burners, mount this unit in a position where it can detect only the flame of the burner to be monitored.



Do not install where the product will be exposed to any of the following:

- Certain chemicals or corrosive gases (ammonia, sulfur, chlorine, ethylene compounds, acid, etc.).
- Splashing water or excessive humidity.
- High temperatures
- Prolonged vibration



Be sure to observe the ambient temperature indicated in the specifications. Failure to do so may damage the device or cause faulty operation.

## ■ What to know before installation

- For proper installation of the device, thoroughly read the instruction manuals for the burner, boiler, and other equipment provided by the combustion equipment manufacturers. Make an appropriate installation plan according to those instruction manuals.
- This device must monitor actual flames. Make the mounting position of the device as close to the flame as possible unless that position affects the equipment layout around the burner, the operating temperature, etc. The shorter the distance between the device and the burner nozzle, the more ultraviolet radiation can be detected.
- Mount this device away from the ignition transformer. Mount the ignition transformer as close to the burner as possible, and be sure to ground the transformer.

## ■ Methods of monitoring burner flame

### ● Monitoring of the pilot flame only (continuous, intermittent pilots)

The main burner must be reliably ignited even with the smallest pilot flame that this device can detect. For this reason, throttle the pilot manual fuel valve so that the main burner can be barely ignited. Under this condition, adjust the device so that only the tip of the pilot flame is monitored. Adjust the device so that the monitored area is as close to the tip of the flame as possible, and is also along the axis of the pilot flame.

### ● Monitoring of both pilot and main flames (continuous, intermittent pilots)

Adjust the device so that it monitors the area where the pilot and the main flames overlap.

### ● Monitoring of main flame only (interrupted pilot)

Adjust the device so that it monitors the part of the main flame that is the most stable in any combustion condition (low fire, high fire, etc.). In special combustion conditions, the use of two detectors is recommended in order to monitor the low and high fire positions separately.

### ● Separate monitoring of pilot and main flames (continuous, intermittent pilots)

Make sure that the detector monitoring the main flame cannot mistakenly detect the pilot flame. If it detects the pilot flame when there is a flame failure of the main burner, the flame failure will not be detected, and the fuel supply will not be shut off.

### ● Monitoring if there are multiple burners in the same combustion chamber

Mount a UV sensor on each burner, making sure in each case that another burner's flame is not detected.

Note that there is an electrical discharge inside this device's tube unit while a flame is detected. Since ultraviolet rays are emitted from the tube due to this electrical discharge, if multiple detectors are used, their position must be adjusted so that detectors cannot detect ultraviolet rays emitted from the tube unit of other detectors.

### ● Redundant system (redundant monitoring)

Redundant monitoring is recommended to avoid unnecessary shutoff as much as possible and to ensure the reliability of the system. A redundant system can be made if two pairs of this device plus a burner controller are used to monitor the flame of one burner. If either flame detector does not output a flame signal or if there is a false flame signal, an alarm will be generated, but combustion will continue. If both burner controllers detect a flame failure at the same time, the combustion system will be shut down. This kind of redundant system prevents unnecessary shutoff caused by flame fluctuation or a malfunction of this device or of the burner controller.

## ■ Mounting position

Taking the following items into account, determine the optimal mounting position.

### ● Temperature

Mount this unit in a place where the ambient temperature during operation is  $-20$  to  $+100$  °C (up to  $120$  °C during flame detection).

### ! Handling Precautions

- If the above temperature range is not observed, a malfunction of the tube unit or shutter unit of this device, or unnecessary shutoff, may occur.
- When this unit is not being used to detect a flame, do not allow the ambient temperature to exceed  $100$  °C. While power is being supplied, an ambient temperature over  $100$  °C causes breakdown of the insulation on the internal coil and, when the unit resumes operation (flame detection), faulty shutter operation (failure to open).
- If the actual temperature is expected to be outside of the operating temperature range, provide a shielding plate between the combustion chamber and this device, or use air purging or the like so that the temperature is within the operating temperature range.

### ● Vibration

Mount the device in a location where the acceleration is  $4.9$  m/s<sup>2</sup> or less.

### ! Handling Precautions

- Vibration may shorten the service life of the tube unit or shutter unit, or may cause faulty operation or malfunction.

● Outdoor use

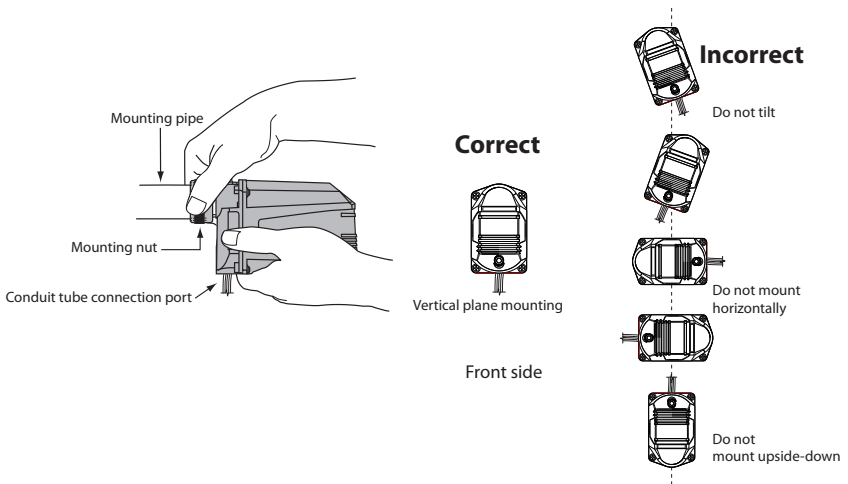
Provide a roof, etc., to protect against rain.

! Handling Precautions

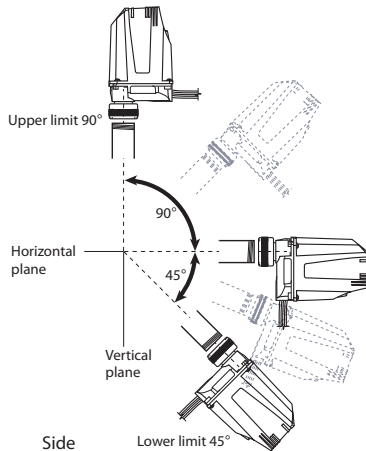
- The surface of the case may change color due to sunshine or other causes. However, this will not affect the functioning of the product.

■ Mounting orientation

Mount this device with the opening for the electrical wiring conduit facing downward, aligned in a vertical plane.



The allowable range of the mounting posture is that the upper limit is 90° (conduit tube port becomes horizontal) and the lower limit is 45°.



### ! Handling Precautions

- Mount this device so that it monitors the burner at an angle from above. If it monitors the burner at an angle from below or from the same level, dust, soot, etc., will accumulate on the monitoring window or in the monitoring pipe. This may block the ultraviolet rays, preventing flame detection.

## ■ Mounting of the monitoring pipe

### ● Monitoring pipe materials

Use a mounting pipe with a black inside wall. If the inside wall of the pipe has a stainless steel or electroplated surface, ultraviolet rays will be reflected irregularly inside the pipe, causing a malfunction.

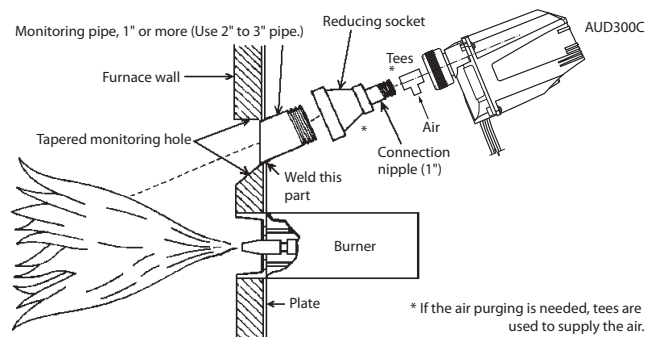
### ● Monitoring pipe size

To detect a large amount of ultraviolet radiation from the flame, this device's light-receiving surface must have a wide field of view. If the recommended flame voltage of 2.0 V DC or more cannot be ensured, change the monitoring pipe to a wider one so that sufficient ultraviolet radiation is received.

- Use as large a monitoring pipe as possible. Connect the pipe to the device using a reducer.
- Make the length of the monitoring pipe as short as possible. However, always keep the operating ambient temperature within 100 °C (up to 120 °C during flame detection).

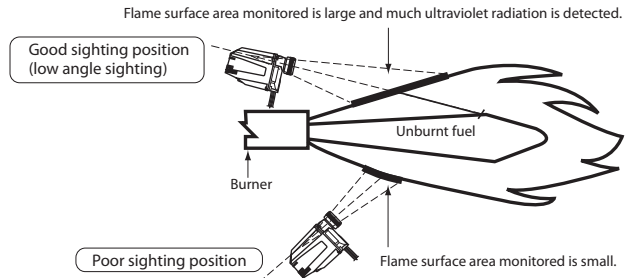
### ● Mounting space

Leave a sufficient space for easy maintenance, inspection, and service work.



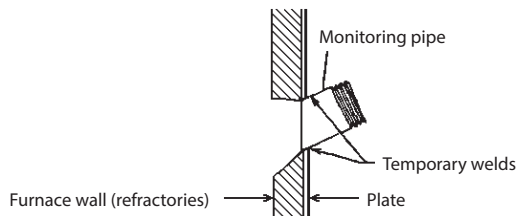
**! Handling Precautions**

- Mount this device so that it monitors the burner at an angle from above. If it monitors the burner at an angle from below or from the same level, dust, soot, etc., will accumulate on the monitoring window or in the monitoring pipe. This may block the ultraviolet rays, preventing flame detection.
- Mount this device so that its monitoring orientation intersects the flame axis at as small an angle as possible. This maximizes the overlap between the flame and the area monitored by the device. Thus, the amount of detected ultraviolet rays also increases.



**● Temporary welding for monitoring pipe positioning**

- (1) Preparing a monitoring pipe and making the mounting hole  
 Make the mounting hole at the selected location for the monitoring pipe. Cut threads on one end of the monitoring pipe and cut it to the desired length, making it as short as possible.
- (2) Welding the monitoring pipe temporarily  
 Weld the monitoring pipe temporarily to the plate of the combustion chamber of the boiler, etc. Do not weld the monitoring pipe completely at this time, because inspection and adjustment are required for successful flame detection.





- (3) Carry out the air purging of the monitoring pipe.

The air purging of the inside of the monitoring pipe is useful to cool this unit and keep the monitoring area clean. In particular, if the ambient temperature of this unit exceeds 120 °C, the cooling, such as air purging is needed.

- If the inside of the furnace is a type of induction, make an air purging hole in the monitoring pipe.
- If the forced type furnace is used, connect an air purging supply pipe.


## ■ Mounting procedure

When mounting the AUD300C on a monitoring pipe, proceed as follows:

### ● Check item

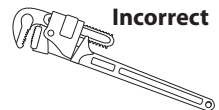
File the monitoring pipe in advance to eliminate burrs and protrusions.

### ● Mounting

- (1) Hold the unit securely with one hand to prevent it from rotating.
- (2) Tighten the mounting nut approximately 4 turns with the other hand until the unit is held securely in place.
- (3) Make sure the unit is properly aligned in the vertical plane when viewed from the front. (  ■ Mounting orientation (P. 6))

### ! Handling Precautions

- Be sure the AUD300C is properly aligned vertically when seen from the front. If not, the shutter in the shutter unit may be damaged or malfunction.
- File any burrs or protrusions from the monitoring pipe. If the packing in the mounting nut is damaged, any chance of leakage may be caused.
- Do not use a tool such as pipe wrench when tightening the mounting nut. Excessive torque by a tool could damage the packing and compromise the seal.
- Do not adjust the mounting pose by forcibly holding the unit or wiring pipe. Failure to do so may damage the packing and compromise the seal.



## Chapter 3. WIRING

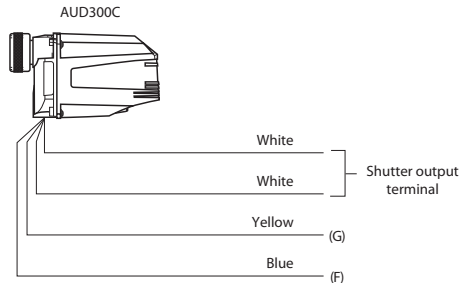
### ⚠ WARNING

- ⚠ Before doing any wiring work, be sure to disconnect the equipment power to prevent electrical shock.
- 🚫 When measuring the voltage between terminal F and terminal G of this device in order to check the wiring, do not touch any part of the terminals. Doing so may result in an electric shock.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- ⚠ Installation, wiring, inspection, adjustment, etc., should be carried out by a trained and experienced technician with knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and flame safeguard control devices.
- ⚠ Be sure to route the signal wires of this device separately from high-voltage ignition transformer cables and power cables, and put them in a separate conduit.

### ■ Wiring diagram



Run all wires connected to the burner controller through wiring conduits and conduit boxes. Also, be sure to route power wiring to the controller separately from other power wires.

### ⚠ Handling Precautions

- Do not run the wiring to this device in the same wiring conduit as power lines or high voltage cables from the ignition transformer.
- Put high-voltage ignition transformer cables and the ground wire in the same conduit, and ground one end of the conduit. If an automotive spark plug is used, pay special attention to wiring.
- If the surge from the ignition transformer adversely affects the detector, ground both ends of the conduit between the detector and the burner controller, or change the cable routing.

## ■ Wiring check

Before applying voltage to this device, check that the wiring is correct.

### ● Steps

- (1) In the relay box, disconnect the blue and yellow wires that come from the AUD300C.
  - (2) Turn on the power to the burner controller.
  - (3) Measure the DC voltage between terminals F and G in the relay box using a circuit tester or a digital voltage meter.
  - (4) Connect the + tester probe to terminal G (yellow wire) and the – tester probe to terminal F (blue wire).
- >> If the reading is between 160 and 220 V DC, the leads are connected correctly. If a negative voltage is measured, terminals F and G are reversed.
- (5) Next, measure the DC voltage (shutter voltage) between terminals S1 and S2 (both wires are white).

### ! Handling Precautions

- Terminals S1 and S2 do not have a specified polarity. When using a multimeter, before measuring the shutter voltage, check the polarity using a wide voltage range so that the needle does not go off the scale on the minus side.
- >> If the reading is between 15 and 24 V DC, the leads are connected correctly.\* If the meter indicates a constant voltage, either 24 or 0 V DC, the cause is probably a wiring mistake.
- \* If there is a flame, the shutter voltage fluctuates within the 0–24 V DC range.
- (6) In the relay box, reconnect the blue and yellow wires that come from the AUD300C one minute or longer after the power to the burner controller has been turned OFF.

### ! Handling Precautions

- Terminals F and G retain an electrical charge for about 1 minute after the power has been turned off. Within this time, touching terminal F or G may result in electric shock.

# Chapter 4. ADJUSTMENT

## ■ Before measuring the flame voltage

Before measuring the flame voltage, execute an operational check of this device using the flame voltage output terminals of the burner controller.

Model No.	Flame voltage output terminals
AUR300C	Terminal 9 (+)
AUR350C	Terminal 10 (-)
AUR450C	Positive terminal, Negative terminal

- (1) Connect an analog flame meter (FSP136A100) to the flame voltage output terminals of the burner controller.
- (2) Light a lighter in front of the ultraviolet ray receiving part of this unit to check that the voltage is output correctly.

### ! Handling Precautions

- Before using fire, check that there is no flammable gas around this device.

## ■ Measuring the flame voltage

If there are both pilot and main flames, measure the voltage of each. Measure the flame voltage for the maximum (high fire) and minimum (low fire) combustion.

- (1) Mount this device on the monitoring pipe temporarily.
- (2) Start burner combustion.
- (3) To determine an optimal monitoring position, measure the flame voltage of the burner controller with the analog flame meter (FSP136A100) while moving the monitoring pipe position little by little in order to find a position where as highly stable voltage as possible is shown.

Recommended flame voltage	Inspection item
The flame voltage must be stable at 2.0 V DC or more. (It may fluctuate in a range of 0.1–0.3 V synchronized with the shutter operation of this device.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Is the flame properly monitored?</li><li>• Is the detector's light-receiving lens clean?</li><li>• Is there accumulated soot, etc., in the monitoring pipe?</li></ul>



### ! Handling Precautions

- If the flame voltage exceeds 4 V, install an orifice to limit the amount of ultraviolet radiation. If the amount of ultraviolet radiation is too large, UV rays may enter the tube unit due to diffuse reflection even when the shutter is closed, causing a malfunction.



## ■ Pilot turndown test

This test is intended to check that any pilot flame detected by this device will reliably ignite the main burner, even if the gas pressure and air pressure have changed to their worst possible conditions.

### WARNING

-  **To prevent explosion, carry out the pilot turndown test carefully. If this device detects a pilot flame that is too small to ignite the main burner, the burner controller will not be able to recognize flame failure of the main burner, allowing the outflow of fuel to continue, leading to a serious explosion hazard.**
-  **If the pilot turndown test is carried out repeatedly, completely shut down all equipment each time the test is finished, and completely discharge unburned gas or fuel that has accumulated in the combustion chamber and flue. If unburned gas and oil are not discharged completely, an explosion may occur.**


### CAUTION

-  **Installation, wiring, inspection, adjustment, etc., should be carried out by a trained and experienced technician who has knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and flame safeguard control devices.**
-  **Only an experienced technician who has knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and combustion safety should carry out the pilot turndown test.**

For the pilot turndown test procedure, follow the user's manual of the burner controller used with this device or the instruction manual provided by the combustion equipment manufacturer.

## ■ Ignition spark response test

### WARNING

-  **Make sure that this device does not detect ultraviolet rays other than those of the burner flame. If it responds to other ultraviolet rays, flame failure in the burner will not be detected. As a result, fuel will continue to be discharged, causing a very serious explosion hazard.**

### ● Procedure

- (1) Close the manual shutoff valves of the pilot and main burners.
- (2) Start the burner so that ignition is attempted. When the ignition spark is generated, check that the flame relay of the burner controller does not turn ON. (K2 is the flame relay for the AUR300C/350C, and K6 is the flame relay for the AUR450C.)

- (3) If the flame relay turns ON, adjust the monitoring point of this device to avoid effects from the ignition spark and its reflection.

**! Handling Precautions**

- The following shows various sources other than flame that may activate this device. Check that the device's operation is not affected by these sources under any operating conditions.

Example:

Ultraviolet ray sources	Red-hot furnace walls at 1371 °C or more
	Ignition transformer and welding arc spark
	Gas lasers
	Sunlamps
	Disinfecting lamps, UV lamps, fluorescent lamps
	Strong flashlights (toward UV sensor)
Gamma and x-ray sources	X-ray and gamma diffraction analyzers
	Electron microscopes
	X-ray cameras
	High-voltage vacuum switches
	High-voltage capacitors
	Radioactive isotopes
	Any other sources of UV rays, gamma rays, or X-rays

**■ Permanent mounting of monitoring pipe**

- (1) After all adjustments have been done, if the equipment operates properly with the specified flame voltage output, turn OFF the power to the equipment, remove the detector, and weld the monitoring pipe permanently.
- (2) Remount the device on the monitoring pipe securely and do all wiring.

**■ Final check**

For reliable burner control, run the equipment through at least one cycle to check all control operations.

# Chapter 5. TROUBLESHOOTING

## ⚠ WARNING



Before removing, mounting, or wiring this device, be sure to turn off the power to the device and all connected devices. Failure to do so may cause electric shock.



Do not touch terminals F or G on this device or on the burner controller immediately after the power to the burner controller has been turned OFF. There is a danger of electric shock because terminals F and G retain a charge for up to 1 minute after the power has been turned off.

## ⚠ CAUTION



Mounting, wiring, inspection, adjustment, maintenance etc., should be carried out by a trained and experienced technician with knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and flame safeguard control devices.

### ■ Required items

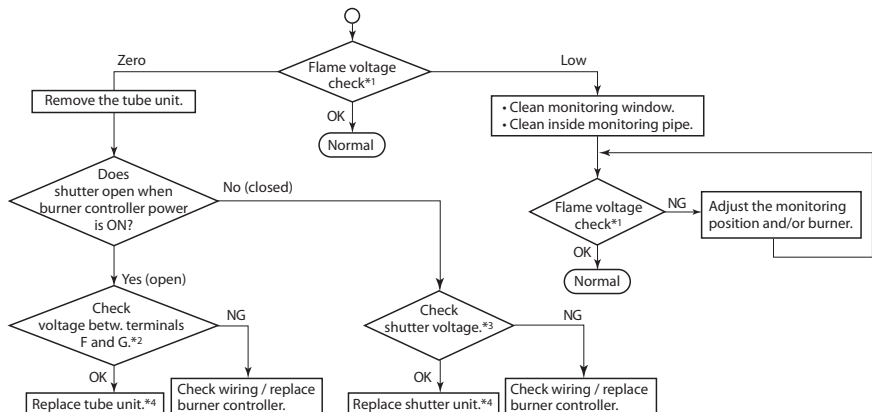
- Analog flame meter FSP136A100
- Maintenance/optional parts (P. 2)

### ■ Troubleshooting procedure

(1) Check the following operating conditions.

Item	What to Check
Supply power	Is the power switch ON? Are power terminal screws loose? Is the voltage within the allowable range?
Wiring	Do wires go to the right terminals? Is there a broken wire? Is there deteriorated or damaged insulation?
Ambient temperature	Check that the temperature is +100 °C or less. (up to 120 °C during flame detection)
Ambient humidity	Is the ambient humidity no higher than 90 % RH? Is there condensation inside the device?

(2) Check the device according to the flowchart below.



\*1. 2.0 V DC or more is normal. \*2. 160–220 V DC is normal. \*3. Fluctuation between 0V and 15–24 V DC is normal.

\*4. When replacing the tube unit, replace the shutter unit also. When replacing the shutter unit, replace the tube unit also.

## Chapter 6. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

### **WARNING**



Before mounting, removing, or wiring this device, be sure to turn OFF the power to the module and any connected devices. Failure to do so may result in an electric shock.



Do not touch terminals F or G on this device or on the burner controller immediately after the power to the burner controller has been turned OFF. There is a danger of electric shock because terminals F and G retain a charge for up to 1 minute after the power has been turned off.



Do not use this device with the cover removed. Doing so may result in an electric shock. If the cover has been removed from this device, be sure to reattach it and tighten the four mounting screws completely before use.

### **CAUTION**




Mounting, wiring, inspection, adjustment, maintenance etc., should be carried out by a trained and experienced technician with knowledge and technical skills related to combustion equipment and flame safeguard control devices.



The service life of the tube unit and shutter unit components of this device is a maximum of 3 years. To ensure operational safety, be sure to replace them with new ones within the service life period. For replacement, use the AUD Maintenance Kit (AUD60A1000), which includes the tube and shutter units.

### ■ Periodic inspection

- (1) Turn off the power to the burner controller.
- (2) Clean the monitoring window and monitoring pipe periodically.  
Remove the device from the monitoring pipe and clean the inside of the monitoring pipe and the quartz glass with a clean cloth.
- (3) To check the function of the tube unit, periodically conduct a safety shutoff test.  
 AUR300C Advanced Ultraviolet Burner Controller User's Manual, No. CP-SP-1142E  
AUR350C Advanced Ultraviolet Burner Controller with Communications User's Manual, No. CP-SP-1175E  
AUR450C Dynamic Self-Checking Burner Controller User's Manual, No. CP-SP-1264E
- (4) Adjust the burner so that it operates properly as recommended by the burner manufacturer.



### ● Maintenance and inspection cycle

Points to check	Frequency
Dirty monitoring window and monitoring pipe, loose screws	Once a month or more
Safety shutoff test	Once a month or more
Measurement of flame voltage	Once a month or more
Pilot turndown test	Once a year or more

#### Handling Precautions

- If burner shutoff will cause serious loss, conduct inspection more frequently.
- If the burner manufacturer provides specific instructions for maintenance and inspection, be sure to observe them.
- For inquiries about device failure, repair service, etc., contact the azbil Group.

### ■ Replacement of the shutter unit and tube unit using the AUD Maintenance Kit (AUD60A1000)

#### CAUTION



**The service life of the tube unit and shutter unit components of this device is a maximum of 3 years. To ensure operational safety, be sure to replace these units with new ones within the service life period. For replacement, use the AUD Maintenance Kit (AUD60A1000), which includes the tube and shutter units.**

#### ● AUD Maintenance Kit

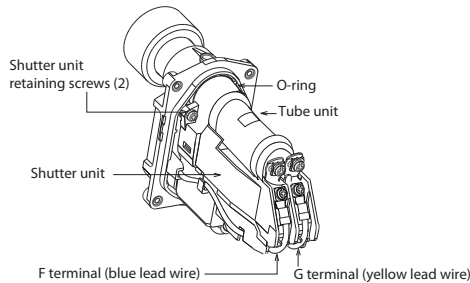
The AUD Maintenance Kit incorporates the tube and shutter units, including expendables like the O-ring.

#### Handling Precautions

- When replacing, handle the tube unit gently, taking care not to jar it.
- When attaching the cover after replacement, fit the O-ring onto the flange unit properly. Failure to do so will impair its sealing performance.

● **Removing of shutter unit and tube unit**

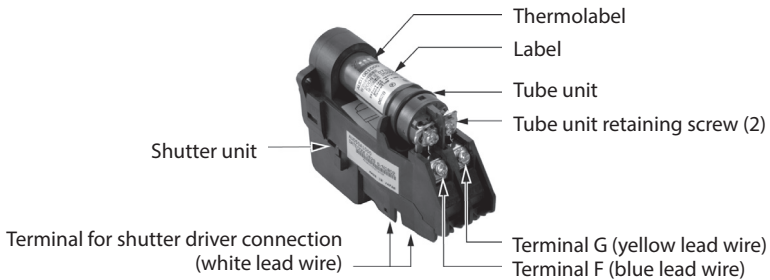
- (1) Turn off the power to the burner controller.
- (2) After 1 min. has elapsed, remove 4 cover mounting screws to detach the cover.
- (3) Remove the 4 terminal screws to disconnect the lead wires (2 white, 1 blue, and 1 yellow) from the shutter unit.
- (4) Remove the 2 shutter unit retaining screws.
- (5) Dismantle by separating the flange unit and shutter unit at the top.



- (6) Remove the O-ring from the flange unit.

● **Mounting the shutter unit onto the flange unit**

- (1) Fit the O-ring that is included in the AUD Maintenance Kit onto the flange unit.
- (2) Loosen the 2 screws holding the new (AUD Maintenance Kit) tube unit and remove the tube unit, holding it by the back of the unit.



- (3) After removing the tube unit, mount the shutter unit only on the flange unit using the 2 retaining screws.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- Before mounting, insert the lead wires (blue and yellow) into the slits of the shutter unit. When mounting the unit onto the flange unit, hold the white lead wires under the shutter unit so that they stay in the cable guide groove.
- (4) Be sure to connect the lead wires to the 4 terminals of the shutter unit correctly.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- The blue lead wire goes to terminal F and the yellow one to terminal G. Connect the two wires according to the “F” and “G” shown on the polarity indication label on the shutter unit.

### ● Wiring check for tube and shutter units

- (1) Turn on the burner controller to check whether terminals F and G are properly connected.
- (2) Measure the DC voltage between terminals F and G using a multimeter or digital voltmeter.
- (3) Connect the + tester probe (red) to terminal G (yellow lead wire) and the – tester probe (black) to terminal F (blue lead wire).

Terminal	Tester probe	Voltage
F	–	160–220 V DC
G	+	

>> If the reading is between 160 and 220 V DC, the leads are connected correctly. If a negative voltage is measured, terminals F and G are reversed.

- (4) Next, measure the DC voltage (shutter voltage) between terminals S1 and S2 (both lead wires are white).

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- Terminals S1 and S2 do not have a specified polarity. When using a multimeter, before measuring the shutter voltage check the polarity using a wide voltage range so that the needle does not go off the scale on the minus side.

>> If the reading is between 15 and 24 V DC, the leads are connected correctly.

If the meter indicates a constant voltage, either 24 or 0 V DC, the cause is probably a wiring mistake.

### ● Mounting the tube unit and cover

- (1) Turn OFF the power to the burner controller.
- (2) After 1 minute or more, mount the tube unit onto the shutter unit, holding the back of the tube unit, and tighten the 2 retaining screws to secure the unit.
- (3) Make sure that the O-ring has not come off the flange unit.
- (4) Attach the cover, and tighten the 4 mounting screws to secure it.

### ! Handling Precautions

- The tube unit has polarity. Correctly mount the tube unit on the shutter unit according to the “F” and “G” shown on the polarity indication label on the top of the shutter unit. The shutter unit has a stepped surface which fits that of the tube unit. For that reason the tube unit cannot be mounted the wrong way. Do not attempt to force it.
- If the thermolabel attached to the tube unit has changed color from white to black, the temperature may have exceeded the operating temperature range. If the ambient temperature of the Advanced Ultraviolet Flame Detector is too high, cool down the device using air purging or the like. The thermolabel gives only a rough estimate of the temperature. Check the correct ambient temperature using a thermometer.
- When mounting the cover, mount the O-ring of the flange unit firmly. Failure to do so may cause the sealing ability to lower.
- Tighten the terminal screws and mounting screws with a tightening torque of 0.7 N·m.

### ● Expiration date label

Affix the expiration date label supplied with the AUD Maintenance Kit to the cover as shown below.

Expiration date label



Position of the expiration date label



# Chapter 7. SPECIFICATIONS

## ■ Specifications

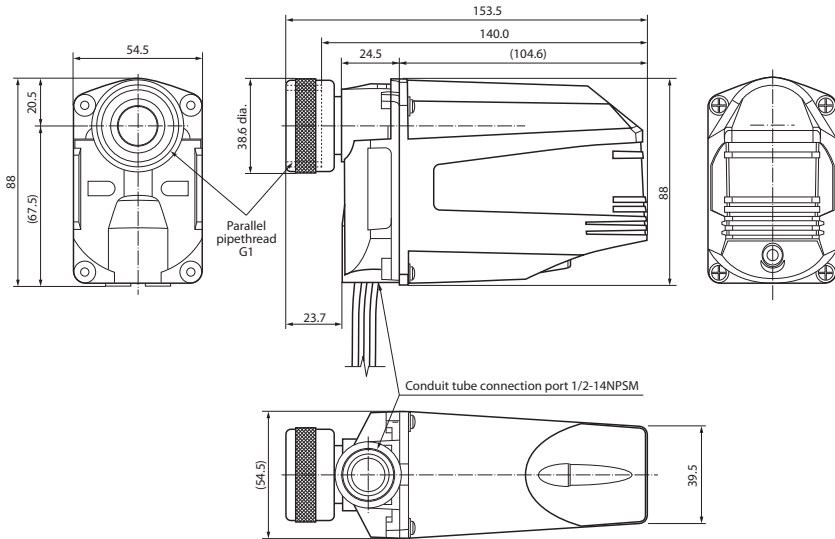
Item	Description																										
Compatible flame*1	Flame from natural gas, propane gas, kerosene, heavy oil, coke oven gas, hydrogen, chlorine, ammonia, naphtha, ethylene, etc.																										
Shutter voltage	Approx. 24 V DC (supplied from burner controller)																										
Self-checking cycle	Approx. 80 cycles/min																										
Insulation resistance	Between flange unit mounting conduit and F-terminal (or blue lead wire), between flange unit mounting conduit and G-terminal (or yellow lead wire), between flange unit mounting conduit and S1-terminal (or white lead wire), between flange unit mounting conduit and S2-terminal (or white lead wire): 50 MΩ min. by 500 V DC megger at the above each location (also, the tube unit must be removed)																										
Dielectric strength	Between flange unit mounting conduit and F-terminal (or blue lead wire), between flange unit mounting conduit and G-terminal (or yellow lead wire), between flange unit mounting conduit and S1-terminal (or white lead wire), between flange unit mounting conduit and S2-terminal (or white lead wire): 1500 V ac for 1 min or 1800 V ac for 1 sec at the above each location (also, the tube unit must be removed)																										
Operating temperature	-20 to +100 °C During flame detection, the maximum allowable ambient temperature is +120 °C.																										
Storage ambient temperature	-20 to +70 °C																										
Storage ambient humidity	90 %RH max. at 40 °C (without condensation)																										
Vibration resistance	4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> max., 10 to 55 Hz for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions																										
Impact resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> in vertical and horizontal directions																										
Pressure resistance for flange	350 kPa																										
Protective structure	IP66 (except a conduit tube connection port)																										
Mounting orientation	-45 to +90° (vertical mounting)																										
Mounting thread	G1 (at the mounting section for monitoring pipe)																										
Lead wires	18 AWG ETFE color-differentiated wires, length approx. 1.8 m																										
Electric wire pipe mounting conduit	1/2-14NPSM																										
Allowable wiring length	2.0 mm <sup>2</sup> 600 V PVC-insulated cable (IEC 60227-3): 200 m max.																										
Material	Main unit: Heat resistant resin (PPS + PPE + GF40) Mounting section: Aluminum																										
Color	Brack																										
Mass	Approx. 630 g																										
Effective life of tube and shutter units	3 years																										
Certification	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificates</th> <th>Directive</th> <th>File No. et. al</th> <th>Remarks</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>UL</td> <td></td> <td>MH27717</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>CSA</td> <td></td> <td>LR078402</td> <td>ANSI Z21.20, Automatic Ignition Systems</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">CE*2</td> <td rowspan="2">GAD (2009/142/EC)</td> <td>0063BS1427</td> <td>with AUR450C_2_ _ _ _ _ and Q241A104</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0063CN6671</td> <td>with RX-R4_C_ _ _ _ _</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>RoHS (2011/65/EU)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM</td> <td></td> <td>0003059531</td> <td>with AUR450C_2_ _ _ _ _ and Q241A104</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificates	Directive	File No. et. al	Remarks	UL		MH27717		CSA		LR078402	ANSI Z21.20, Automatic Ignition Systems	CE*2	GAD (2009/142/EC)	0063BS1427	with AUR450C_2_ _ _ _ _ and Q241A104	0063CN6671	with RX-R4_C_ _ _ _ _		RoHS (2011/65/EU)			FM		0003059531	with AUR450C_2_ _ _ _ _ and Q241A104
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\*1. In the case of the use of coke oven gas, hydrogen, chlorine, ammonia, naphtha, ethylene, etc., there may be restrictions on mounting a flame detector, so before use check that flame monitoring is possible.

\*2. CE marking appears to comply with RoHS.

External dimensions

Unit: mm



China RoHS



基于SJ/T11364-2014「电子电气产品有害物质限制使用标识要求」的表示式样  
产品中有害物质的名称及含量

部件名称	有害物质					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
法兰单元	×	○	○	○	○	○
本表格依据SJ/T 11364 的规定编制。 ○：表示该有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在GB/T 26572规定的限量要求以下。 ×：表示该有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出GB/T 26572规定的限量要求。						



**azbil**

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**Azbil Corporation**  
Advanced Automation Company

1-12-2 Kawana, Fujisawa  
Kanagawa 251-8522 Japan

URL: <http://www.azbil.com>

*Specifications are subject to change without notice.* (09)

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